

Annual report and financial statements for 1 April 2013 – 31 March 2014

charity number 1145916





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1. Charity details

The corporate trustee for Big Local Trust – Local Trust – submits the annual report and the financial statements for the period 1 April 2013 to 31 March 2014.

Big Local Trust registered charity number

1145916

Principal address as of June 2013

Unit D 15-18 White Lion Street London N1 9PD

Corporate trustee Local Trust:

registered company number

7833396

registered charity number

1147511

Chair of Local Trust (corporate trustee of Big Local Trust)

John Kevin Sugrue

Chief executive of Local Trust (corporate trustee of Big Local Trust) Debbie Ladds

Big Local Trust protector

Peter Thurston

Auditor

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP St Bride's House 10 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8EH

Solicitor

Withers LLP 16 Old Bailey London EC4M 7EG

Bankers

The Co-operative Bank PLC 1 Islington High Street London N1 9TR

National Westminster Bank plc (from January

2014)

250 Regent Street London W1B 3BN

Investment manager

CCLA

Senator House

85 Queen Victoria Street

London EC4V 4ET

Custodian

Northern Trust 50 Bank Street Canary Wharf London E14 5NT

2. Structure, governance and management

2.1 Structure

Big Local Trust was established by Local Trust and the Big Lottery Fund. Big Local Trust is an unincorporated charity governed by a trust deed dated 13 February 2012 and deed of amendment dated 5 June 2013. Big Local Trust was registered with the Charity Commission on 15 February 2012. Local Trust is the corporate trustee of Big Local Trust. Big Local Trust funds the Big Local programme.

All the activities of Big Local Trust are promoted under the Local Trust and Big Local brands.

2.2 Focus of activities

The trustee has given due consideration to Charity Commission guidance on the operation of the public benefit requirement and is satisfied that the work of Big Local Trust meets that requirement. Big Local Trust's work in the year to 31 March 2014 primarily focused on supporting the 150 Big Local areas to identify their priorities and to begin to develop and deliver plans to address these priorities.

2.3 Governance

Local Trust is the corporate trustee of Big Local Trust. The trustees of Local Trust are:

Trustees

Michael Arthur Hamilton (chair of board and member of investment sub-committee, resigned 10 July 2013)

Kathryn Kane (member of finance and audit sub-committee)

Benjamin Yat Meng Lee (member of investment sub-committee from September 2013)

Peter Ensell Mills (member of investment sub-committee)

Clifford James Prior (resigned 19 March 2014)

Andrew John Robinson (member of finance and audit sub-committee)

Alison Margaret Seabrooke (member of investment sub-committee)

Penelope Anne Shepherd (chair of investment sub-committee)

John Kevin Sugrue (chair of board from 10 July 2013, also chair of finance and audit sub-committee)

Jonathan Michael Taylor (member of finance and audit sub-committee)

John David Whitton

During the year, two people were co-opted onto the investment sub-committee.

Co-optees

Serena Loudon (member of investment sub-committee from March 2014) Chris Wigley (member of investment sub-committee from March 2014)

2.4 Responsibilities of the corporate trustee

The corporate trustee of Big Local Trust is responsible for preparing the trustee annual report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) that gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charity and of the incoming resources and application of resources, including

the net income or expenditure, for the year. In preparing the financial statements, the trustee is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- observe the methods and principles in the charities Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP)
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charity will continue in business.

The trustee is responsible for keeping accounting records that disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the charity. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charity and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities. The trustee is responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the financial information included on the charity website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of the financial statements and other information included in annual reports may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

During the year the corporate trustee established two sub-committees: a finance and audit sub-committee, and an investment sub-committee, to enable appropriate governance and oversight of these functions. Four trustees sit on each sub-committee and in addition, two independent people with relevant experience, were recruited through an open recruitment process to be co-opted to the investment sub-committee.

The corporate trustee also ran an open recruitment process for an additional trustee with experience of community entrepreneurship but decided, on reflection, not to appoint.

The corporate trustee spent time considering the strategy for Big Local during the year, and drafted a three year strategy aligned to achieve the outcomes of Big Local outcomes.

2.5 Management

There is a small staff team who make use of skills and expertise locally and in partner organisations to deliver a range of support to Big Local areas. Chief executive Debbie Ladds has led Local Trust since 5 January 2012. All staff are jointly employed by Local Trust and Big Local Trust and in February 2014 Local Trust became an accredited London Living Wage Employer.

2.6 Big Local Trust protector

The Big Local Trust has a protector who has a fiduciary duty to ensure the integrity of the administration of the Big Local Trust and the propriety of its procedures, and if necessary report matters of serious concern to the Big Lottery Fund as the founder or to the Charity Commission. The Big Lottery Fund appointed Peter Thurston BA FCA as protector in 2011. The appointment is for a maximum term of five years and the protector may serve for an unlimited number of terms. The protector can receive from Big Local Trust an annual remuneration of £15,000 and reasonable out of pocket expenses incurred in carrying out the role.

2.7 Investment into Big Local Trust

The programme, Big Local, is funded by Big Local Trust. Incoming resources into the Big Local Trust were £5,317,400 of investment income during the year. No other income was received.

3. Objectives and activities

3.1 Development of Big Local

Big Local is an exciting opportunity for residents in 150 areas around England to use at least £1m each to make a massive and lasting positive difference to their communities. Big Local brings together all the local talent, ambitions, skills and energy from individuals, groups and organisations who want to make their area an even better place to live.

The aim of Big Local is to ensure that people are connected, people have choice, and people are supported to achieve lasting change in the place where they live. Underpinning this is our commitment to support residents over the long term to learn skills and gain the confidence to make decisions in their communities to bring about transformational change.

Our Big Local community- and resident-led approach is informed by our learning from past community-based programmes (Big Local: What's new and different, Institute for Voluntary Action Research, July 2013) which indicate that the things that matter most are:

- · pace of development
- · starting with assets not deficits
- willingness to take risks
- light-touch support
- peer support and opportunities for reflection.

We believe that a community- and resident-led approach to creating lasting change:

- develops the skills and confidence of the people involved and enables them to work with others to the benefit of their community
- builds on the opportunities and assets available in each community
- creates lasting, long-term solutions.

Underlying this approach is a belief that residents have a capacity and desire to drive change, and can achieve lasting and positive results when supported by those they trust and respect thereby building skills, confidence, networks, relationships and expertise in each community. We have a dynamic and evolving approach based on what we and Big Local areas are learning. We are not afraid to take risks, experiment or fail as we learn from those experiences and can improve things for the future.

3.2 Selection of Big Local areas

The Big Lottery Fund selected the areas based on the amount of Big Lottery Fund and other Lottery funding to each local authority area compared to population and deprivation levels; rural versus urban spread; geographic spread across the region; and the absence of substantial non-Lottery funding. Their selection of areas included discussions with people and organisations in each area from the local authority and the local voluntary and community sector.

3.3 Objects of Big Local Trust

The objects as stipulated in the trust deed of Big Local Trust are:

'to advance community development and the relief of unemployment for the benefit of the public in the localities in each region specified by making Distributions to the Recipients so as to develop the capacity and skills of the members of socially and economically

disadvantaged communities for the benefit of the public in such a way that they are better able to identify and help meet their needs and to participate more fully in society.'

3.4 Big Local outcomes

The four outcomes set by the Big Lottery Fund for Big Local are:

- communities will be better able to identify local needs and take action in response to them
- people will have increased skills and confidence so that they can continue to identify and respond to local needs in the future
- the community will make a difference to the needs it prioritises
- people will feel that their area is an even better place to live.

3.5 Delivery of Big Local activities

To 31 March 2014 there were national contracts (or agreements) with the following organisations to support the delivery of Big Local:

- Big Local reps supported each area and are managed by Renaisi
- Living Space Project (formally Capacity Global) supported people, place and space pilot projects
- Small Change and the social investment reps provided social investment support to Local Trust and Big Local areas, along with credit unions and community development finance institutions
- the National Association of Neighbourhood Management provided learning and networking events for Big Local areas
- the National Council for Voluntary Organisations and the Office for Public Management started the evaluation of the early years of Big Local
- the Community Development Foundation led on research into the influences on progress in Big Local areas; and summarised Getting People Involved and Getting Started funding
- the Institute for Voluntary Action Research provided an annual learning report capturing Big Local activities nationally; a collaboration report and a foresighting report about government reforms and what they may mean for Big Local areas
- CCLA managed the endowment funds
- Fluent Technology developed and supported Big Local Community (the online funding and contact management system for Big Local)
- Co-operative Web maintained our existing website and Knight Studios started to develop the new website
- UnLtd as co-funders, had a grant agreement in place for finding and supporting Star People and community enterprise in Big Local areas.
- The School for Public Health Research started the Communities in Control study funded by the Department of Health.

During the year we completed a thorough review of national delivery with relevant partners to identify what is needed from April 2014 onwards to support Big Local. Non-conflicted trustees provided appropriate challenge to the chief executive to ensure a robust process to the benefit of the charity.

Locally, Big Local areas identify and work with a range of locally trusted organisations to support their activities. These are listed on pages 31 to 34.

4. Achievements and performance

4.1 Introduction

Our achievements are aligned to the four Big Local outcomes for 150 Big Local areas. At this stage all Big Local areas have made progress on their journey.

4.2 150 Big Local areas supported to work their way through Big Local pathway

The Big Local pathway provides steps to help areas identify what matters most to them and do something about it. The pathway is not linear and areas maintain community engagement activities while delivering their plan. All plans and partnerships are reviewed and updated annually by Big Local areas, supported by us and their Big Local rep. Each Big Local area moves through the Big Local pathway at a pace that is appropriate for them. During the year, Big Local Community, our funding and contact management system, was populated and went live. Areas now submit proposals and monitoring data online.

4.3 Big Local – progress

Getting People Involved and Getting Started

Big Local areas announced in July 2010 were supported to deliver Getting People Involved activities. They have been able to access up to £30,000 each in funding to support this, either from the Big Lottery Fund, the Community Development Foundation or us, as well as a range of support to deliver their Getting People Involved activities.

Big Local areas were announced in three waves of 50. The 100 areas announced in 2012 were supported to deliver Getting Started activities, which have many similarities to Getting People Involved. They have been able to access up to £20,000 each in funding to support their activities.

By 31 March 2014, Getting People Involved and Getting Started funding had been accessed by all 150 areas.

Match funding and in-kind support is evident across all three waves and has become part of the landscape for more than half of wave three areas at the Getting Started phase. The number of areas referring to this type of support in their Getting People Involved and Getting Started proposals increased through the waves. Sixty-three of the 150 areas stated they hoped to receive match funding or in-kind-support totalling £420,510.

Pathway funding

For areas needing more time to develop a Big Local plan, we made up to £18,000 from their £1 million available to help them maintain momentum before their Big Local plan is endorsed. In 2013/14, 34 areas accessed this funding drawing down £480,563.

Big Local partnerships

The role of the Big Local partnerships is to guide the overall direction of Big Local in their areas in good faith. Each partnership is responsible for agreeing a shared Big Local vision and the Big Local plan, overseeing its delivery and reviewing evidence showing how the plan is progressing, making adjustments or changes as needed.

Essentially, the partnership is a way for people locally to provide recommendations about how their area can be improved.

The most important points to know about Big Local partnerships are that:

- Each partnership must have at least eight members.
- The majority of members (51%) of each Big Local partnership must be residents of the Big Local area, but membership can also include people from local organisations and businesses that are involved with or are in the area.
- Each partnership should broadly reflect the Big Local area.
- Membership of each partnership will change over time in response to Big Local activities and each partnership is required to review its membership once a year.
- Partnerships do not 'hold' their area's £1m. Big Local Trust will hold and invest the £1m for all 150 areas until each area is ready to use it.

In 2013/14, we endorsed 50 Big Local partnerships.

In this financial year 75% of partnerships' members are residents and 94% of decision makers on partnerships, that is those with voting rights, are residents. Representatives of agencies are usually involved through an advisory panel or by being on the partnership, but as a minority and, in the majority of cases, without voting rights.

Big Local plan

As areas move to a shared long-term vision they develop a Big Local plan. Their plan builds on what is already good about their area, provides community-wide benefit, responds to local needs, and explains how they plan to meet Big Local's four outcomes.

There has been some convergence in the way that areas prioritised activities in their plans towards improving the places they live in. The seven themes that feature most in the plans endorsed so far are:

34 endorsed plans focus on community: Developing and enhancing community life, building an active and vibrant community, developing community spirit and community cohesion. Raising aspirations, strengthening and celebrating community. Encouraging people to get involved, participate and take ownership. Bringing about a strong community spirit with a sense of pride in the surroundings. Respect, friendship and tolerance is afforded to all.

30 endorsed plans focus on environment: enhancing, improving and making the best use of the green spaces, public places, parks, sports and play areas. Building pride in the environment, making it nicer and safer.

30 endorsed plans focus on jobs and the local economy: support for people via training, apprenticeships and business start-ups; supporting people into employment and creating local job opportunities. Improving life skills, improving employability – creating a culture of learning and enterprise. Leading to a more prosperous community, thriving livelihoods and local economy for residents and businesses.

17 endorsed plans focus on health and wellbeing: helping people to live healthier for longer creating a happy, active and healthy community.

16 endorsed plans focus on children and young people: provide more activities, services and support to children and young people, ensure they are actively involved in the area; have things to do and places to go. Investing in their potential to develop new skills, creating opportunities and

providing a platform to showcase their capabilities. Young people to feel valued, engaged and have high aspirations.

14 endorsed plans focus on reducing crime: reducing crime and anti-social behaviour; creating a cleaner, safer, stronger and more attractive place to live, areas where people feel safe and where there is minimal crime.

11 endorsed plans focus on facilities: to establish and develop communal facilities that are thriving and well used, providing a range of activities for all ages, faiths and cultures.

To 31 March 2014, we had funded 41 Big Local plans to deliver against their themes.

4.5 Grant making policy

Big Local Trust grant making policies are set in accordance with the trust deed and explained below.

Each Big Local area draws down funding by providing proposals to be endorsed, setting out how they plan to work to address priorities identified by people in the area. Big Local areas are asked to identify an organisation to hold and be responsible for the funding. We call these locally trusted organisations. We expect most applicants to be organisations from the voluntary and community sector working in the area. However, we accept proposals from other organisations, for example, statutory bodies, such as schools and councils, or organisations from outside the area, where the area agrees this is most likely to help achieve the outcomes of Big Local.

Each grant we award is only to be used for the charitable purpose for which it is made, as described in each proposal, and all grants are to help Big Local areas meet the Big Local outcomes. Locally trusted organisations are asked to record all Big Local grants in their accounts as 'restricted funds'.

Our monitoring of grants is proportionate to the size of the award, for example, for Getting Started awards of £20,000 we ask for a short grant expenditure report, and for Big Local plan funding we require an annual report as well as quarterly expenditure reports.

We are able to make grants, deposits and loans to credit unions and community development finance institutions on behalf of Big Local areas, if they choose to make social investments.

4.6 Big Local – the conversation

Big Local has created and will continue to generate conversation across England from the smallest local level to national discussion. At a community level, Big Local conversations take place in many and varied ways through existing meetings or events and at specific Big Local meetings. Nationally, we use events and social media to engage in conversations. Over the last year, 36,865 users visited our website (28,522 in the previous year) viewing over 201,132 pages (190,661 in the previous year). This growth illustrates the growing number of people finding out about and getting involved in Big Local. This is supported by Big Local social media activity.

We share what is happening as part of the Big Local programme more widely to promote learning and to inspire. Big Local areas are becoming ever more accomplished at working with the media and gaining coverage on television, radio and in print. At a national level we share what is happening in Big Local areas through blog sites, national consultations and by contributing to articles in national newspapers.

4.7 Big Local – economy, environment and equality

Big Local and local economy

We work with Big Local areas to inspire them about what is possible in terms of enterprising approaches; generating and keeping money within their communities. We, and people in Big Local areas, have worked to ensure businesses work alongside residents to make Big Local happen. Many local businesses offered support to Big Local areas in terms of small amounts of funding through sponsorship, meeting space and professional advice.

At a national level, following discussions, the telecommunications provider BT shared the opportunity for its staff to volunteer in Big Local areas. In March 2014 we announced a number of offers that BT had made available to Big Local areas and areas and BT staff have started to take up these opportunities. We also worked with crowdfunding website Spacehive to identify ways that Big Local areas might use crowdfunding for activities and projects.

We continued to work with Small Change to look at how Big Local areas can use social investment as a tool to help their Big Local area become an even better place to live, and result in a social and financial return on the investment. In this financial year we recognised a need to increase our support in this area. In order to do this we trained 15 reps to provide social investment support for Big Local areas, locally trusted organisations and other reps, on a call-off basis.

We have supported Big Local partnerships to understand that they don't have to choose just one funding mechanism, but that they can benefit from a combination of loans, shares and deposits (social investments) as well as grants.

Star People

Star People awards continued to unleash the energies of people who can transform the Big Local areas that they live in. UnLtd has co-funded and delivered the Star People programme as part of Big Local.

In the financial year to 31 March 2014, UnLtd distributed £602,500 in Star People awards made up of:

- 97 Try-it awards up to £500 awarded to individuals to try out their ideas to improve their local area
- 164 Do-it awards up to £5,000 (with an average award size of £2,500) to individuals to take forward their community enterprise idea with a clear project plan
- 11 Build-it awards up to £15,000 of funding to individuals who have an established social venture or community project.

To 31 March 2014, 17 Star Partners worked with UnLtd to deliver the Star People programme in their Big Local areas. Up until 31 March 2014, Star Partners received total funding of £40,233.

Big Local and the environment

Residents often identified environment, space and place as being important to them when thinking about priorities. A good environment is likely to have a positive impact on people's wellbeing while also helping to develop relationships. Conversations highlighted that natural and built environments, including parks, shopping parades, playgrounds, forests and heritage buildings, are important to residents in Big Local areas.

We worked with Living Space Project (formally Capacity Global) to support nine Big Local areas as pilot projects to help equip people with skills to turn the local environment around, one step at a time. Aligned to the pilots we produced a range of online resources. These included guides such as 'Spaces for everyone', case studies to inspire and online slideshows to share and inform. Living Space Project also provided advice and support to eight Big Local areas through telephone and email helplines.

Big Local and equality

Big Local areas have to involve the broadest range of people to have the best possible chance of making their areas even better. Involving a wide range of people increases the reach and impact of what can be done. Each of the locally trusted organisations and partnerships that we have endorsed agreed that ensuring equality and promoting diversity are central values for Big Local. They also agreed to work in a way that removes barriers that might prevent people from participating in Big Local. There is a commitment to respecting others for their contributions, whatever their background, ethnicity or beliefs.

4.8 Big Local learning

In Big Local areas, we worked with individuals to develop their skills and knowledge about what approaches are working effectively. More broadly, we used learning to help us understand how things can be improved to better support Big Local areas.

We worked with the National Association for Neighbourhood Management and other partners to design and deliver networking and learning activities for people in Big Local areas that create awareness about what other areas are doing and help meet the Big Local outcomes. Over the year we held 32 learning events, workshops and study visits. In total these events had 595 attendees keen to share what they are doing in their areas and find out more about the things that matter to them.

The events included 15 spring events where 366 people came together. 249 (68%) were residents, 66 (18%) were workers, as well as others including partners, Local Trust staff and trustees, reps and Big Lottery Fund staff (14%).

Alongside the networking and learning events delivered by the National Association for Neighbourhood Management and other partners, there is also funding available for Big Local reps to organise networking and learning activities that will benefit Big Local areas. Over the past year reps organised 31 different learning events, workshops and study visits which attracted more than 300 residents. A wide range of events activities were organised, with these themes:

- visit to Incredible Edible in Todmorden, to find out more about food and growing projects
- community energy and fuel poverty
- strengths and challenges of running a Big Local shop
- the role and responsibilities of Big Local chairs and paid workers
- access to credit
- social investment
- visual facilitation and minute-taking
- · improving life chances for young people
- planning and evaluation techniques
- participatory budgeting
- Big Local plan development.

We also worked with the Community Development Foundation, the Institute for Voluntary Action Research and the National Council for Voluntary Organisations and the Office for Public Management on a range of research and evaluation activity linked to Big Local. This included publishing a range of reports including:

- Big Local annual learning review 2012 2013
- Influences on the development of Big Local areas January 2014
- Big Local foresighting report January 2014
- Big Local: What's new and different? July 2013

Aligned to research we have commissioned, we announced in December 2013 that the School for Public Health Research (SPHR) is carrying out a Communities in Control study to look at the impact of Big Local (as a natural experiment in community empowerment), through the impact on social determinants of health. This research is funded by the Department for Health through the National Institute for Health Research. SPHR is a partnership between eight leading academic centres with excellence in applied public health research and evaluative practice in England. It includes:

- LiLaC (University of Liverpool and Lancaster University)
- University College London
- University of Bristol
- · University of Cambridge
- FUSE (the Centre for Translational Research in Public Health Durham, Newcastle, Northumbria, Sunderland and Teesside universities)
- University of Exeter Medical School
- London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine
- University of Sheffield.

This research is carried out independently of Big Local and does not receive funding from Local Trust. However, Local Trust has formally agreed that Big Local areas may get involved if they wish.

5. Financial review

5.1 Overview

Big Local Trust received £5,317,400 income from its investments in the year to 31 March 2014 (2013: £1,851,462). This was the Big Local Trust's only income during the year.

Total expenditure during the year was £10,668,017 (2013: £6,389,336), of which £7,402,316 was funding to areas (2013: £3,716,530), and £2,007,066 was support to areas (2013: £1,711,019).

Net outgoing resources for the year to 31 March 2014 were £5,350,617 (2013: net incoming resources £209,964,365). (For the period ending 31 March 2013, we received the endowment which established Big Local Trust.)

5.2 Big Local Trust – investment strategy

CCLA is Big Local Trust's investment manager. The objectives of the investment strategy agreed in July 2012 are:

- for the investment assets of the Big Local Trust (the fund) to provide the resources required by Big Local, and
- to manage the assets in a manner that maximises the impact of the funds to enable Big Local areas to extend the life of Big Local beyond 10 years and £1m each.

For reasons of cost, efficiency, security, governance and risk management the fund is managed as a single pool of assets ensuring funding is available when required. By making use of the scale and duration of Big Local, the investment strategy provides the best long-term return while ensuring that at all times sufficient short-term funds are available to support spending. This will be achieved by investing a high proportion of the fund in cash, fixed income and similar securities, with a smaller portion invested in equities and similar securities in the UK and overseas that are expected to provide a higher return over the long term.

The investment strategy is implemented in a controlled way to ensure that risks are appropriately managed and consistent with the objectives of Big Local.

5.3 Fund performance

The total market value of Big Local Trust's investments at 31 March 2014 was £201,254,595.

CCLA manages the portfolio. The returns on the portfolio and on the benchmark are as follows:

Period	Fund	Benchmark
To 30 June 2013	-1.20%	+0.37%
To 30 September 2013	+0.18%	+0.38%
To 31 December 2013	+1.03%	+0.38%
To 31 March 2014	+1.26%	+0.37%
For the year to 31 March 2014	+1.29%	+1.51%

During 2013-14, Big Local Trust's investment strategy was amended to allow an increased allocation to real assets, specifically global equities and domestic commercial property. This was

recommended by the investment managers as the most appropriate response to the increased life of the programme and changes in the investment environment.

2013-14 was a year of transition and building the portfolio. We worked towards the agreed portfolio percentage split of 25% cash, 45% fixed interest, 25% equities, 5% property. We substantially achieved our target holdings towards the end of the period.

CCLA worked gradually towards our planned investments, bearing in mind that we are setting the portfolio up to support a 15-year programme. Cash was a core asset during the majority of the year, earning a relatively low return.

CCLA invested into equities relatively early. These have been very positive in terms of returns. Property was added to the portfolio during the year. This turned out to be the most positive of all investments over the period.

There was a phased investment approach into fixed interest bonds. Big Local Trust's bond investments are held to provide a total return over the life of the holding, which is greater and more predictable than that on cash, but at a low level of risk. Risk is minimised by diversification and strict controls on the quality of investments; CCLA only buys investment-grade bonds. The maturity profile of the bonds matches the cashflow needs of programme. Bonds will be held to maturity and will then be redeemed at their nominal value.

Given current low interest rates, many of the bonds held have been purchased at prices above their eventual repayment level. This means that when they mature and are repaid, although the total return of income and capital will be positive and in line with the expected return at time of purchase, the capital element alone will be negative. We are required to report this in the accounts independently of the receipt of income and accordingly it will appear as a loss on investments.

Overall, returns have been affected most substantially by the weak performance of fixed interest bonds. The poor performance of bonds during the period is due to fluctuations in their market value, although bonds bounced back strongly in the last six months of the financial year.

5.4 Formal restrictions and controls

Reflecting our investment strategy, there are formal restrictions and controls on the investments that can be held within the fund. These are summarised below, for 2013-14:

Cash and near cash

Cash and near cash will be a minimum of 18 months expected forward spend on the programme, with a maximum of 100% of the fund. In terms of individual counterparties, there is no limit to the amount which can be placed with a deposit fund rated AAA by a recognised rating agency. Deposits with any individual counterparty however must not exceed 10% of the fund.

Fixed interest and similar securities

The maximum amount that can be held in fixed interest and similar securities is the entire fund less the minimum cash level noted above. The minimum credit rating for fixed interest or similar securities is BBB by a recognised rating agency. The fixed interest or similar securities issued by a single counterparty (other than securities issued or guaranteed by the UK Government where there is no limit) should not be more than 5% of the fund at the date of purchase for securities rated A- and above, and 1% of the fund at the date of purchase for securities rated BBB.

Real assets

For real asset exposure, the target asset allocation is 30%, with a maximum asset allocation of 33%, allowing for a 10% tolerance for market movements. There is no minimum asset allocation.

Within the real asset segment, the target asset allocation exposure to equities and similar securities is 25%, with a maximum asset allocation of exposure to equities and similar securities of 27.5% of the fund. No equity or similar security should be more than 1% of the fund at the time of purchase.

The target asset allocation exposure to the COIF Charities Property Fund is 5% of the fund, with a maximum asset allocation of 5.5% of the fund. The COIF Charities Property Fund is a property fund managed by CCLA.

5.5 Ethical and responsible investment

The fund follows the default policy used by most of the COIF Charity Funds ('COIF Default'), with two additions:

- the Church of England's bespoke screen for high interest rate lending
- the COIF Charities Ethical Investment Fund's 2013-15 Living Wage engage/divest programme relating to FTSE100 financial and pharmaceutical companies.

We are preparing a response to the UK Stewardship Code, and support the UN-backed Principles of Responsible Investment.

The ethical and responsible investment policy will be reviewed and amended by the trustees of Local Trust, as the corporate trustee of Big Local Trust, from time to time.

5.6 Performance benchmark

The performance benchmark of the fund is Bank of England's Official Rate +1% p.a.

5.7 Reporting

CCLA, as Big Local Trust's investment manager, reports to the investment sub-committee on a quarterly basis, and the sub-committee reports to the board and makes any appropriate recommendations.

The sub-committee formally reviews the investment strategy once a year in line with the trust deed, and makes recommendations to the board.

In May 2014, Big Local Trust welcomed two voluntary, co-opted members to the investment sub-committee, Chris Wigley and Serena Loudon, who bring independent investment expertise to investment sub-committee discussions.

5.8 Policy on reserves

Big Local Trust held total funds of £205,155,655 as at 31 March 2014. This is an expendable endowment to be spent by 13 February 2027. In order to achieve this, we developed a detailed 15 year indicative budget to ensure that there is funding to cover Big Local Trust's day-to-day costs and long term objectives during that time. The 15 year budget is based on the following principles and assumptions:

Principles

Each area receives what has been promised to them:

- Getting People Involved funding for wave 1 areas (£30,000) and Getting Started funding for wave 2 and 3 areas (£20,000)
- plan preparation funding (£2,000)
- £1 million, plus a fair proportion of net investment returns earned by the fund
- a contribution towards partnership running costs or grant administration (5% of the total spend) available once plan is endorsed
- an administration fee for loan giving based on a per loan rate
- 'Marketplace' funding (currently £2,250 per annum per area, plus inflation), available once each area's plan is signed off
- travel and carer costs for residents to attend networking and learning events
- five years of support for community entrepreneurs (currently Star People awards).

Assumptions

The 15 year budget includes a prudent estimate of an average rate of return of 1.5% per annum.

The level of programme support for Big Local areas starts to reduce from April 2019 onwards because we estimate that all Big Local areas will have increased skills and confidence to deliver with more autonomy.

Regular reviews will take place throughout the 15 years to inform how Big Local is developed, how funding is allocated and how areas are supported. The 15 year budget is updated with actual spend and reforecast quarterly. It informs the investment strategy and a rolling two-year forecast is provided to CCLA.

Plans for the future

6.1 Long-term strategy

Our long-term strategy to achieve the Big Local outcomes is to:

- give residents greater control, skills and confidence to make a difference to the things that matter most to them in their communities
- use rigorous research, evaluation and story-telling to learn and develop Big Local to help Big Local areas achieve greater impact; make resources go further and enable joined up solutions to complex issues
- position Big Local to influence the approach of others working in communities including: funders, government, charities and businesses, with Big Local seen as a leading approach to transforming communities
- create widespread change so that residents and those supporting them in Big Local areas have greater involvement and control over the things that matter most to them.

6.2 Key objectives for next three years

Our key objectives for the next three years, to March 2017 are to:

- deliver Big Local really well in a clear, collaborative way to establish our resident and community led, positive approach in all Big Local areas
- use rigorous research, evaluation and story-telling to learn and develop Big Local to help Big Local areas achieve impact and enable people to make their areas even better places in which to live
- position Big Local as an innovative way to transform communities; and influence others working in communities to follow the Big Local approach
- ensure Local Trust runs effectively, efficiently and adopts good practice in the management of Big Local.

In addition, we will work with Big Local areas and partners to look for new opportunities: funding, partnerships, activities and sponsors, to provide additional resources into Big Local. We aim to be enterprising and transformational while learning from our experience and staying true to the Big Local approach.

6.3 Governance

Governance is about ensuring that Local Trust and Big Local Trust run effectively and follow good practice. Our approach to governance is led by the chair of the board and is based on:

- ensuring delivery of organisational purpose
- working effectively as individuals and as a team
- exercising effective control
- behaving with integrity
- being open and accountable.

7. Principal risks and uncertainties

7.1 Risk management

We have moved to a rewarded risk approach. We recognise the importance of spending time and energy on risks that create value and can give positive returns and benefits to Big Local while also ensuring value protection management and mitigation of unrewarded risks - some risks are all downside and no upside. For example, if we fail to comply with the law there are significant consequences, but there is no extra credit for being even more compliant. Other risks are all about upside because they add value to what we are doing and what we want to achieve. Although taking these risks might have a downside, the potential upside is greater. There is a risk map in place which identifies the risks and manages them to the benefit of the charity and Big Local areas.

7.2 Key risks and uncertainties

We have identified that rewarded risks include:

- supporting a resident-led approach means residents gain confidence and skills; create networks and increase their influence to find more effective solutions in their areas
- working collaboratively with trusted organisations provides effective local support to Big Local areas
- investing funds centrally to give a return over the longer term increases the funding available to Big Local areas.

Unrewarded risks which we are mitigating and controlling include:

- misappropriation of funds centrally or locally we monitor our financial system and controls
 to ensure they are appropriate and information is accurate. Monitoring forms from locally
 trusted organisations show spend in areas
- area doesn't have the skills and/or confidence to deliver their Big Local plan once endorsed

 we provide support and training to build skills and confidence of residents, support areas
 to create realistic plans through commenting on drafts, encourage them to review skills
 needed, ensuring the rep is helping with the process.

8. Auditors

A resolution to appoint Crowe Clark Whitehill was proposed and agreed at the last annual general meeting.

Approved by the trustee on 9 October 2014 and signed on their behalf by:

Signed	J. K. Lugar	Date 09 (10) 2014
John Kevin Sugrue	Chair	

9. Independent auditor's report to the trustees of Big Local Trust

We have audited the financial statements of Big Local Trust for the year ended 31 March 2014 which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow Statement and the related notes numbered 1 to 18.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the charity's trustees, as a body, in accordance with section 154 of the Charities Act 2011. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charity and the charity's trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of corporate trustee and auditor

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Corporate Trustee's Responsibilities, the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

We have been appointed as auditor under section 144 of the Charities Act 2011 and report in accordance with regulations made under section 154 of that Act.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the charity's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the trustees; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Corporate Trustee Annual Report and the Annual Statement by the Protector to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

 give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2014 and of its incoming resources and application of resources for the year then ended;

- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Charities Act 2011.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Charities Act 2011 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the information given in the trustees annual report is inconsistent in any material respect with the financial statements; or
- sufficient accounting records have not been kept; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Signed N. Ha. Umi	Date 21 10 14
Naziar Hashemi, Senior Statutory Auditor	
For and on behalf of Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP	
Statutory Auditor	
London	

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP is eligible to act as an auditor in terms of section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

Statement of financial activities (incorporating an income and expenditure account) for the period 1 April 2013 to 31March 2014

		Unrestricted Funds	Total 2014	Total 2013
	<u>Notes</u>	£	£	£
Incoming resources from				
generated funds				120 607
BIG funding GPI returned BIG 'endowment funding'		-	-	130,697 214,338,257
Community Development		-	-	
Foundation Big Local grant		-	-	30,000
Investment Income	2	5,317,400	5,317,400	1,851,462
Other		-	-	3,285
Total incoming resources		5,317,400	5,317,400	216,353,701
Resources expended				
Cost of generating funds		655,077	655,077	255,382
Charitable expenditure:				
grants payable	4	7,402,316	7,402,316	3,716,530
delivery to areas		2,007,066	2,007,066	1,711,019
learning to support the programme		371,357	371,357	434,939
Governance	5	232,201	232,201	271,466
Total resources expended	3	10,668,017	10,668,017	6,389,336
Net (outgoing)/incoming resources before other recognised gains and losses		(5,350,617)	(5,350,617)	209,964,365
(Losses)/gains on investments	8	(3,188,393)	(3,188,393)	3,730,300
Net movement in funds				
Balance at 31 March 2013		213,694,665	213,694,665	-
Balance at 31 March 2014		205,155,655	205,155,655	213,694,665

All amounts related to continuing activities.

All charitable activities are in relation to the Big Local programme.

All gains and losses recognised are included in the statement of financial activities.

The accompanying notes on pages 27 to 38 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet for the year to 31 March 2014

		2014	2013
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	7	162,548	57,141
Investments	8 & 9	206,059,608	211,942,988
		206,222,156	212,000,129
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		1,159,549	1,684,474
Debtors	11	1,350,442	1,116,116
Total current assets		2,509,991	2,800,590
Liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	3,576,492	1,106,055
Net current assets		(1,066,501)	1,694,535
Net assets		205,155,655	213,694,665
Funds			
Unrestricted funds		205,155,655	213,694,665
Total funds		205,155,655	213,694,665

Approved by the corporate trustee, authorised for issue on 9 October 2014 and signed on behalf of the trustee:

Signed	J. K. Lugue	Date 09/10/2014
	1	

John Kevin Sugrue

Chair

Cash flow statement for the year to 31 March 2014

	2014	2013
Cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	£	£
Net (outgoing)/incoming resources	(5,350,617)	209,964,365
Investment income earned	(5,317,400)	(1,851,462)
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	48,511	15,912
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(234,326)	(1,116,116)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	2,470,437	1,106,055
Investment management fees	655,077	255,382
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(7,728,318)	208,374,136
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Investment income received	5,317,400	1,851,462
Investment management fees	(655,077)	(255,382)
	4,662,323	1,596,080
Capital expenditure and financial investment		
Cash transferred into investment portfolio	(4,805,013)	
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	(153,917)	(73,054)
Payments to acquire fixed asset investments	-	(209,412,688)
Receipts from the sale of fixed asset investments	7,500,000	1,200,000
	2,541,070	(208,285,742)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow before financing	(524,925)	1,684,474
(Decrease)/increase in cash in the year	(524,925)	1,684,474
Analysis of changes in net funds		
Cash at bank and in hand at 31 March 2013:	1,684,474	-
(Decrease)/increase in the period	(524,925)	1,684,474
Cash at bank and in hand at 31 March 2014:	1,159,549	1,684,474

Notes to the accounts for year to 31 March 2014

1. Accounting policies

Introduction

The financial statements of the charity have been prepared in accordance with accounting standards, the Charities Act 2011 and the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting and Reporting by Charities' (SORP 2005). These financial statements are drawn up on the historical cost accounting basis except that investment assets are carried at market value.

Incoming resources

Incoming resources are recognised in the period in which the charity is entitled to receipt and the amount can be measured with reasonable certainty. Income is deferred only when the charity has to fulfil conditions before becoming entitled to it or where the donor or funder has specified that the income is to be expended in a future accounting period.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted funds comprise those funds that the Trustee is free to use in accordance with the charitable objects. Restricted funds are funds that have been given for particular purposes and projects. Restricted funds must be used in accordance with the funders or donors' wishes.

Resources expended

Expenditure is included on an accruals basis for charitable activities, cost of generating funds and governance.

Resources expended are allocated to a particular activity where the cost relates directly to that activity.

Grants payable are accounted for in full as liabilities when approved and notified to locally trusted organisations and Big Local areas, because Big Local areas would have a valid expectation that they would receive the grant as offered and accepted.

The cost of staff whose responsibility was the direct management and administration of an activity are apportioned based on time spent in undertaking that activity. The direct staff cost allocation for the period to 31 March 2014 was:

delivery to areas: 58% (2013: 63%)

learning to support the programme: 28% (2013: 18%)

governance: 14% (2013: 19%)

Allocation of support costs

Support costs are those costs which enable the generation of funds and which enable charitable activities to be carried out. These costs include finance, human resources and information technology. Support costs are re-allocated to each of the activities based on an estimate of support staff time attributable to each activity. The support staff cost allocation for the period to 31 March 2014 was:

grant expenditure directly to areas: 34% (2013: 30%)

delivery to areas: 24% (2013: 21%)

learning to support the programme: 27% (2013: 33%)

governance: 15% (2013: 16%)

Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Statement of financial activities (SOFA) on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

Costs of generating funds

Costs of generating funds are the investment management fees charged by CCLA for managing the investment portfolio. Fees were based on 0.3% of the value of the portfolio calculated on a monthly basis. Investment fees include VAT which cannot be recovered.

Governance costs

Governance costs are the costs associated with the governance arrangements of the charity. These costs are associated with constitutional and statutory requirements and include any costs associated with the strategic management of the charity's activities. Governance costs include an element of staff time based on the proportional allocation described under the 'resources expended' policy above.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

All assets costing more than £1,000 are capitalised. Land is not depreciated. Depreciation is provided to write off assets on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful economic life:

ICT: 3 years

Office furniture: 3 years

Investments

Investments are included at their mid-price at the year-end. Gains and losses arising on the disposal of investments and the revaluation to market value are charged or credited to the statement of financial activities in the year.

Pension

The charity operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the charity in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable under the scheme by the charity to the fund. The charity has no liability under the scheme other than for the payment of those contributions.

2. Investment Income

	2014	2013
	£	£
Interest earned on cash and cash instruments	833,617	716,137
Fixed interest from bonds	2,514,033	600,950
Dividends from equities	1,723,583	239,864
Bank interest	246,167	294,511
Total	5,317,400	1,851,462

3. Resources expended

		itable activit	ies			2014 Total	2013 Total
	Grant expenditure m directly to areas	Delivery to ny areas	Learning to support the Programme	Cost of generating ௯ funds	т Governance	£	£
Direct costs							
Staff	-	193,314	93,488	-7	45,952	332,754	333,210
Grants to areas							
GPI 2	23,226	-	i.)	.	∞ =	23,226	440,564
Getting Started	1,126,844	: =	-	= 1		1,126,844	776,894
Creating Plan	70,987		-	•	-	70,987	33,053
Marketplace	3,540	(=	5 75 8	=/	S.	3,540	
Pathway Funding	480,563	-	•	<u>≅</u>	-	480,563	299,258
Big Local Plan Funding	4,151,757	-	-	-	3	4,151,757	739,668
Community travel and childcare	20,816	-	-	=	Œ	20,816	7,898
Area admin contribution	197,419	-	-	=	ï	197,419	36,983
Grant funding for star people awards	1,131,097	5=	-	-	3 =	1,131,097	1,277,105
Area delivery costs	:-	1,670,732		-	-	1,670,732	1,430,374
Programme development	:-	×=	118,208	-	-	118,208	259,618
Direct governance costs	.=	s ≡ .		-	99,919	99,919	154,717
Finance charges		-	-	655,077	-	655,077	255,382
Total direct costs	7,206,249	1,864,046	211,696	655,077	145,871	10,082,939	6,044,724
Support costs							
Staff	86,658	63,212	70,568	-	38,157	258,595	200,455
Communication and marketing	20,748	15,135	16,895	-	9,135	61,913	27,588
IT and consultancy	36,474	26,606	29,702	달	16,060	108,842	23,411
Rent and office costs	35,930	26,209	29,258		15,820	107,217	77,246
Depreciation	16,257	11,858	13,238	-	7,158	48,511	15,912
Total support costs	196,067	143,020	159,661	-	86,330	585,078	344,612
Total expenditure	7,402,316	2,007,066	371,357	655,077	232,201	10,668,017	6,389,336

4 Grants payable

Big Local Area name	Locally trusted organisation	Total funding
Aberfeldy	Poplar Housing and Regeneration Community	£ 20,000
Aberreidy	Association	20,000
Allenton	Enthusiasm Trust	112,565
Arley and Ansley (The Ley's)	Warwickshire Community and Voluntary Action	19,935
Barnfield	Plumcroft Primary School	270,131
Barrow Island	Barrow Borough Council	207,847
Barrow Island	Barrow Borough Sports Council	2,262
Barrow Island	Cumbria Council for Voluntary Service	41,160
Barrowcliff	Groundwork North Yorkshire	4,320
Beechwood	Voluntary and Community Action Wirral	22,000
Birchfield	BVSC	179,925
Blackpool Revoe	Blackpool, Wyre and Fylde Council for Voluntary Services	20,000
Bontagu, Lower Edmonton	Enfield Children and Young Person's Services	49,552
Bourne Estate	Bourne Valley Action Group	20,000
Brereton	Brereton and Ravenhill Parish Council	20,000
Brinnington	Rising Stars North West	20,000
Brookside	Telford & Wrekin Council for Voluntary Service	19,800
Cars Estate	Colebridge Trust, Solihull	20,000
Catton Grove	People Shaped Solution CIC	21,904
Central Boston	TaylorITEX CIC	19,400
Central Jarrow	Groundwork South Tyneside & Jarrow	142,501
Chinbrook Estate	Grove Park Community Group	1,766
Chinbrook Estate	GW Training & Consultancy Ltd	7,933
Church Hill	Bromsgrove and Redditch Network	2,000
Clapham Junction West	Providence House	20,000
Battersea (Big Local SW11)		
Clarkesfield, Greenacres and	Greenacres Community Association	81,557
Littlemoor	St Andrews Community Naturals	92.000
Clubmoor	St Andrew's Community Network	83,000 20,000
Collyhurst Conniburrow	Manchester Communication Academy Local Trust as LTO	27,560
	3VA	20,000
Devonshire West		116,988
Dewsbury Moor	Voluntary Action Kirklees	20,000
Distington Dover Town	Distington Parish Council	20,000
East Cleveland Villages	The Dover Society Tees Valley Rural Community Council	199,225
	Dudley Council for Voluntary Services	89,440
East Coseley Elmton with Creswell	Community and Voluntary Partners	20,000
Elthorne Estates	Caxton House Community Centre	19,900
Ewanrigg	Cumbria Council for Voluntary Service	120,998
Ewanrigg	Home Group Housing	7,448
Farley Hill	Age Concern Luton	20,000
Firs and Bromford	Birmingham Settlement	20,000
Firs and Bromford	Local Trust as LTO	98,384
Fratton	Community Action Hampshire	70,250
Fratton	Fratton Community Association	3,719
Gateshead	Gateshead Voluntary Organisations Council	102,369
55.5011000	Catesticad Foldinary Organications Country	102,000

Big Local Area name	Locally trusted organisation	Total funding
Goldthorpe with Bolton-on-Deane	Voluntary Action Barnsley	19,000
Grace Mary to Lion Farm	St James Church of England	2,000
Grange Estate	Martin Primary School	20,000
Grassmoor and Hasland	North Eastern Derbyshire Business Development	37,800
Grays Riverside	Thurrock CVS	15,224
Greatfield Big Local	Hull and East Yorkshire Community Foundation	20,000
Greenmoor Big Local	Bradford Community and Voluntary Service	2,100
Greenmoor Big Local	CNET-Bradford & District Empowerment Network	37,225
_3	Ltd	,
Growing Together (Northampton East)	Blackthorn Good Neighbours	129,819
Hackney Wick	Hackney Wick Festival	14,200
Harefield, Midanbury and	Southampton Voluntary Services	-
Townhill Park (Big Local SO18)		W201003101000000000000000000000000000000
Harefield, Midanbury and Townhill Park (Big Local SO18)	Training for Work in Communities (TWICS)*	(14,872)
Hateley Heath	Sandwell Community Information & Partnership	20,000
HAVA	Hawksworth Wood Older Peoples Support Service	15,000
Heart of Pitsea	Basildon, Billericay and Wickford CVS	149,437
Heart of Sidley	Rother Voluntary Action	2,000
Heath Big Local	Uttoxeter Knights	11,910
Inner East Preston	Fishwick Rangers Youth Development Preston YMCA	19,992
Keighley Valley	Airedale Enterprise Services	20,000
Kingsbrook and Cauldwell	Mid & North Bedfordshire CVS	26,250
Kingswood and Hazel Leys	CVS Northamptonshire	19,851
Kirk Hallam	Kirk Hallam Community Technology & Sports College	22,000
Kirkholt	Rochdale Boroughwide Housing Ltd-IPS	20,000
Latch Ford	Golden Gates Housing Trust Ltd	20,000
Lawrence Weston	Ambition Lawrence Weston	163,437
Leecliffe	Community Action Hertsmere	138,632
Leigh West	Citizens Advice Service Wigan	2,827
Little Hulton	Salford City College	20,000
Littlemoor Big Local	Durham County Council	2,000
Littlemoor Big Local	Impact (Mayo)	2,000
Littlemoor Big Local	Local Trust as LTO	3,576
Littlemoor Big Local	Moor Voice	1,500
London Road area of Bethnal Green	Croydon Voluntary Action	9,000
Lynemouth, Cresswell, Ellington and Linton	Lynemouth Community Trust	13,670
Mablethorpe, Trusthorpe and Sutton on Sea (Coastal	Lincolnshire Community Foundation	18,000
Communities Challenge) Mablethorpe, Trusthorpe and Sutton on Sea	The Boatshed (Mablethorpe)	2,000
Marks Gate	Local Trust as LTO	8,534
Marsh and Micklefield	Buckinghamshire Community Foundation	66,050
Moorsley and Easington Lane	Easington Lane Community Access Point (ELCAP)	12,950
		,550

Big Local Area name	Locally trusted organisation	Total funding
Mossley	St Thomas' Church, Mossley	22,000
Mottingham	Community Links Bromley	110,943
NE Hastings	Orbit South Housing Association	22,000
Newington Ramsgate	Newington Road Surgery Ltd	20,000
Noel Park Estate	HAVCO (Haringey Association of Voluntary and	20,000
	Community Organisations)	
North Ormesby	North Ormesby Development	20,000
North West Ipswich	Community Action Suffolk	167,490
Northfleet North	Council for Voluntary Service North West Kent	130,830
Northwood	Community Foundation for Merseyside	108,517
Palfrey	Wolverhampton Network Consortium	5,409
Peabody Avenue and Churchill	Thamesbank Centre Management	20,000
Gardens Estate (Big Local SW1)		
PEACH: People's Empowerment	Custom House and Canning Town Community	94,450
Alliance of Custom House	Renewal	00.000
Plaistow South	Rights And Equalities In Newham	38,220
Prospect Estate	First Wessex	4,000
Radstock and Westfield	Westfield Parish Council	14,151
Ramsey	Ramsey Neighbourhoods Trust	175,000
Rastrick	Rastrick Cricket and Athletic Club	20,000
Roseworth Ward	Roseworth Community Partnership	20,000
Rudheath and Witton	Groundwork Cheshire	134,403
Sale West	Sale West Community Urban Trust	20,000
Scotlands and Bushbury Hill	Bushbury Hill Estate Management Board	14,810
Selby Town	Selby District Association of Voluntary Service	4,750
Shadsworth with Whitebirk	Blackburn with Darwen Council for Voluntary Service	18,900
Shadsworth with Whitebirk	Blackburn with Darwen Healthy Living	77,385
Slade Green	Howbury Friends	61,071
Somers Town	Somers Town Community Association	20,000
Sompting	Adur Voluntary Action	20,000
South Bermondsey	United St Saviour's Charity	168,000
St James Street Area	CREST Waltham Forest	20,000
St Matthews Estate	Voluntary Action Leicester	8,847
St Oswald and Netherton (L30	Sefton Metropolitan Borough Council	2,000
Million Project)	Chaltanham Barayah Caynail	20.000
St Peter's and the Moors	Cheltenham Borough Council	20,000
Tang Hall	Tang Hall Primary School	20,000
Three Parishes - Gobowen, St Martins and Weston Rhyn	Oswestry Community Action	2,000
Thurcroft	Rotherham Federation of Tenants and Residents	17,200
Thurnscoe	Voluntary Action Barnsley	17,200
Tonge with the Haulgh	Bolton at Home Ltd	20,000
Toothill	Swindon Borough Council	20,000
Tree Estate (and part of Town	Healthy Living Centre Dartford	61,385
ward)	Troatily Living Contro Barton	01,000
Wargrave	Helena Partnerships Ltd	20,000
Warsop Parish	Mansfield Community and Voluntary Service	77,176
Warwick Ahead	The Conservation Volunteers	82,946

Big Local Area name	Locally trusted organisation	Total funding
Wecock Farm	HCCS Community Action	20,000
Welsh House Farm	Local Trust as LTO	305
Welsh House Farm	Welsh House Farm Community School	19,431
Wembley Central	CVS Brent	20,000
West End Morecambe	CEEP (Connect, Engage, Empower, Participate)	20,000
Westfield Estate	Westfield Learning Community Trust	15,800
Whitley	The Parish of St Agnes with St Paul and St Barnabas	37,642
Whitley Bay	North Tyneside VODA (Voluntary Organisations	112,775
	Development Agency)	
William Morris Big Local	Local Trust as LTO	122,797
Windmill Hill	Liverpool Housing Trust	20,000
Winterton	Voluntary Action North Lincolnshire	45,079
Withernsea	Shores Centre	20,000
Woodlands Speaks	North Doncaster Development Trust	39,179
Woolavington and Puriton	Voluntary Sector Training Alliance (Vista)	20,000
Villages Together		
World's End Estate and Lots	Chelsea Theatre	20,000
Road area		
Worle	NSAH (Alliance Homes) Limited	2,000
Wormholt and White City	White City Residents Association	96,494
Funding given	Residents' travel bursaries	20,816
Grant given	UnLtd	1,131,097
Note 3	Allocation of support costs	196,067
Total grants payable	5 A	7,402,316

^{*} A commitment in the prior year financial statements relating to funding awarded to Training for Work in Communities (TWICS) for £14,872 was released in 2013-14.

5 Governance costs

	2014	2013
	£	£
Staff costs	45,952	62,644
Financial advice	5,280	5,700
Audit fees	17,400	21,300
Solicitor's fees	52,162	71,914
Protector's fees	15,553	19,522
Protector's legal fees	i n	6,266
Trustees' expenses	6,060	1,253
Trustees' recruitment	43	13,709
Trustees' training	768	_
Other	2,640	15,054
Companies House	13	-
Allocation of support costs	86,330	54,104
Total governance	232,201	271,466

6 Net outgoing resources

Net outgoing resources are stated after charging:

	2014	2013
	£	£
Depreciation	48,511	15,912
Auditor's remuneration:		
-audit	16,200	15,200
-non-audit (Corporation Tax return)	1,800	-
Investment manager's fees	655,077	255,382
Legal and professional fees	52,162	71,914
Operating lease charges	38,200	i -

7 Tangible fixed assets

				2014	2013
	Website development - asset under construction	Office refurbishment	IT equipment	Total	Total
Cost	£	£	£	£	£
Balance brought forward	:-	-	73,054	73,054	
Additions	42,000	42,965	68,952	153,917	73,054
Disposals	C=0	-	-	n 1 n a .	ti m 🙀
Balance carried forward	42,000	42,965	142,006	226,971	73,054
Depreciation Balance brought forward Disposals Charge for year Balance carried forward	- - 1,167 1,167	- - 9,548 9,548	15,912 - 37,796 53,708	15,912 - 48,511 64,423	15,912 15,912
Net book value					57,142
Brought forward	5 0	-	57,142	57,142	
Carried forward	40,833	33,417	88,298	162,548	57,142

Fixed asset additions include £44,063 paid to Fluent Technology Ltd to procure a bespoke funding and contact management system. Other fixed asset additions were refurbishment and furniture costs for Local Trust's new office, and a new website which was under construction at 31 March 2014.

8 Investments

Market value brought forward Investment additions Investment income drawdown	2014 £ 211,942,988 - (7,500,000)	2013 £ - 209,412,688 (1,200,000)
Net gains/(losses) on investment Market value carried forward	(3,188,393) 201,254,595	3,730,300 211,942,988
Cash held on deposit Total investments	4,805,013 206,059,608	211,942,988

9 Investments by type and location of fund

	2014 UK	2014 Overseas	2013 UK	2013 Overseas
	£	£	£	£
Equity	22,676,210	26,689,502	13,270,098	17,038,418
Fixed interest	85,607,439	¥	57,889,515	· ·
Property	10,384,435		-	-
Cash	60,702,022		123,744,959	7 100
	179,370,106	26,689,502	194,904,572	17,038,418

The total book cost of investments held at 31 March 2014 was £203,235,184 (2013: £208,159,546).

There were no individual holdings in excess of 5% of the total portfolio valuation at 31 March 2014 (2013: nil).

10 Consolidated movements in funds

	Balance at 31 March 2013	Incoming resources	Outgoing resources	Gains/ (losses)	Balance at 31 March 2014
Big Lottery Fund	208,368,285	-	(10,012,940)	-	198,355,345
Investment income	5,326,380	5,317,400	(655,077)	(3,188,393)	6,800,310
Total	213,694,665	5,317,400	(10,668,017)	(3,188,393)	205,155,655

11 Debtors

	2014 £	2013 £
Debtors	5,664	100
Amounts due from Local Trust	2,977	2,977
Prepayments	20,837	2,783
Accrued income	1,320,964	1,110,256
Accided income	1,350,442	1,116,116
12 Creditors		
	2014	201 3
	£	£
Trade creditors	451,406	126,153
Grants payable	2,939,195	574,316
Social security and other taxation	12,437	12,199
Accruals	173,454	393,387
	3,576,492	1,106,055
13 Operating leases		
	2014	2013
	£	£
Land and buildings, due in 2 to 5 years	38,120	THE STATE OF THE S
14 Staff costs and numbers		
14 Otali Costs and numbers	2014	2013
	£	£
Wages and salaries	397,311	370,006
Social security and other taxes	42,932	44,552
Pension	35,119	18,517
	475,362	433,075

Staff are jointly employed between Big Local Trust and Local Trust. The monthly average full-time equivalent number of employees during the year was nine. Under the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), charities over the audit threshold are required to disclose the number of employees remunerated amounts exceeding £60,000. One employee during the period earned between £80,000 and £90,000 per annum.

NCVO's Inquiry into Senior Executive Pay (published in April 2014) has recommended that, as good practice, all large charities should publish an annually updated statement explaining their ethos and policy on remuneration, as well as the actual remuneration, roles and names of the highest paid staff. In line with these recommendations, Local Trust's trustees have decided to publish details of our chief executive's pay and the ratio between the highest and median salaries in our annual report and accounts.

Our chief executive, Debbie Ladds, earned a total of £94,903 during 2013-14 (salary £86,275 plus pension £8,628). As at 31 March 2014, the highest salary at Local Trust was £86,275, and

the median salary was £33,495. The ratio between the highest and the median salary was 2.6 to 1.

Local Trust became a London Living Wage-accredited employer in February 2014, meaning all our staff and contractors are paid at least the London Living Wage.

15 Pension

We offer staff the opportunity to join a defined contribution Group Personal Pension Plan ('the scheme'). Monthly contributions to the scheme are invested in personal pension plans with an insurance company (Scottish Widows). Big Local Trust's contribution to the scheme is based on 10% of the employee's basic annual salary plus an amount equal to the saving Big Local Trust makes under the salary exchange system from the employer National Insurance contribution; the minimum employee contribution to the scheme is 3.5%.

Pension contributions made by Big Local Trust to the scheme during the year were £35,119 (2013: £18,517) for 13 employees. As at 31 March 2014, Big Local Trust owed £7,082 (2013: £9,991) to the scheme relating to March salary payments; the amount due was settled on time during April 2014.

16 Trustees' remuneration, benefits and expenses

Trustees received no remuneration. Four trustees received reimbursements for travel costs during the period totalling £6,060 (2013: £1,253). Trustee recruitment costs during the period were £43 (2013: £13,708).

17 Big Local Trust protector

Protector fees and expenses of £15,553 were payable (2013: £19,522).

18 Related party transactions

Alison Seabrooke is chief executive of the Community Development Foundation and a trustee at Local Trust (corporate trustee of Big Local Trust). Michael Hamilton (resigned 10 July 2013) and Andrew Robinson are both trustees at the Community Development Foundation and at Local Trust. During the period Big Local Trust paid the Community Development Foundation £69,300 for research activities (2013: £121,926 for rent and research activities). As at 31 March 2014, Big Local Trust owed Community Development Foundation £19,770 (2013: £23,299).

Andrew Robinson is a director at CCLA. CCLA manage the Big Local Trust investment portfolio. Big Local Trust paid CCLA £653,513 in investment management charges during the year (2013: £293,362). At 31 March 2014, Big Local Trust owed CCLA a balance of £158,246 (2013: £126,126).

Penny Shepherd is a trustee at Local Trust and was the chief executive of the UK Sustainable Investment and Finance Association to June 2013. CCLA is a member of the UK Sustainable Investment and Finance Association and a number of CCLA staff are on UK Sustainable

Investment and Finance Association committees. CCLA also sponsors UK Sustainable Investment and Finance Association activities from time to time.

Cliff Prior is chief executive of UnLtd and was a trustee at Local Trust (resigned 19 March 2014). Big Local Trust paid UnLtd a grant of £1,031,802 for the Star People programme (2013: £1,277,105). At 31 March 2014, Big Local Trust owed UnLtd a balance of £99,295 (2013: £0).

Benjamin Yat Ming Lee is a director of the National Association for Neighbourhood Management. Big Local Trust paid the National Association for Neighbourhood Management £199,478 (2013: £121,221) for delivery of learning and networking events during the period. At 31 March 2014, Big Local Trust owed the National Association for Neighbourhood Management a balance of £46,248 (2013: £34,434).

Big Local Trust ('BLT') 2013 annual statement by the protector

The function of the Protector

BLT is a UK registered charity with one Corporate Trustee controlling its affairs. The Trustee is Local Trust Limited, which is in turn controlled by a board of directors who meet quarterly, and by its Chief Executive to whom the board delegate the day-to-day running of BLT.

The Trust Deed defines the role of the Protector as ... "to ensure the integrity of the administration of the Charity and the propriety of its procedures".

The role does not include decision taking at any level, although the deed does grant powers of approval in certain specified situations.

During 2014, I have attended all Board meetings, meetings of the investment sub-committee, meetings with the Big Lottery Fund, and meetings between them and BLT.

I met with the team working in one of the 150 areas, chosen as it has already received one third of their £1m grant. I was impressed with the progress being made, the internal controls being exercised, and the commitment of the local worker co-ordinating the programme.

I intend to carry out further area visits during the next 12 months.

Protector's report

2013 saw a change in the Chairman and some Directors of the Corporate Trustee, to which I referred in my last report.

Since then, the Board has settled down to the tasks in hand, and the governance of the Trust is functioning well.

Over the last two months, the Chairman has started an initiative, aimed at getting the Board members to increase their focus on the progress being made by the one hundred and fifty areas. I am fully supportive of this. Grants are now being made on a regular basis, and so monitoring the effectiveness of the programme, and learning from the successes and failures are becoming increasingly important.

The same issues confront the management team, and they too are adapting to the change from endorsing local plans to releasing funds and implementation monitoring. The notes to these accounts detail the ways in which they are responding to the challenge.

Peter Thurston

Protector – Big Local Trust

September 2014

Local Trust

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The endowment for the Big Local programme is held by the Big Local Trust and overseen by Local Trust. The Big Local Trust was established by the Big Lottery Fund with a National Lottery grant of £196,873,499.

Local Trust company no. 7833396, charity no: 1147511

Big Local Trust charity no: 1145916

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